Malaria transmission in Chad is intense in the south of the country. The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 1,272,841 with 1,881 deaths.
Progress
Chad has banned oral artemisinin-based monotherapies and has introduced a policy on Community Case Management of malaria and pneumonia. Chad has secured resources to meet the majority of the LLIN and public sector ACT needs for 2015. Additionally the country has procured sufficient LLINs to achieve universal coverage. The country has significantly enhanced the tracking and accountability mechanisms with the development of a Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Child Health Scorecard. Chad was awarded a 2015 ALMA Award for Excellence in Implementation of Vector Control.

Impact
The annual reported number of malaria cases in 2013 was 1,272,841 with 1,881 deaths.

Key Challenge
- Weak health information system.

Recommended Actions
Chad has responded positively to the recommended actions addressing low coverage of PMTCT, skilled birth attendants and exclusive breastfeeding and lack of data for vitamin A and postnatal care and continues to track progress as these actions are implemented.